

C1A_grid.py

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# =====
"""GRID : create some grids with several color patterns"""
# =====
__author__ = "Christophe Schlick modified by Philippe Blasi"
__version__ = "1.0"
__date__ = "2022-11-12"
# =====
from ezTK import *
from random import randrange
# -----
def stripes(width:int=400, height:int=400, rows:int=40) -> None:
    """alternate black and white horizontal stripes"""
    win = Win(title='STRIPES') # create main window
    height = height // rows # set height for a single stripe
    colors = ('#000', '#FFF') # store stripe colors in a tuple
    # -----
    for row in range(rows): # loop over the stripes
        color = colors[row % 2] # set color for new stripe (cycle on 2 colors)
        Brick(win, bg=color, width=width, height=height) # create new stripe
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def colorstripes(width:int=400, height:int=400, rows:int=40) -> None:
    """alternate color stripes using six colors"""
    win = Win(title='COLORSTRIPES') # create main window
    height = height // rows # set height for a single stripe
    colors = ('#F00', '#0F0', '#00F', '#0FF', '#F0F', '#FF0') # store stripe colors
    # -----
    for row in range(rows): # loop over stripes
        color = colors[row % 6] # set color for new stripe (cycle on 6 colors)
        Brick(win, bg=color, width=width, height=height) # create new stripe
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def chessboard(width:int=400, height:int=400, cols:int=8, rows:int=8) -> None:
    """create black and white chessboard"""
    win = Win(title='CHESSBOARD', fold=cols) # set fold property to number of cols
    width, height = width // cols, height // rows # set size for a single cell
    colors = ('#000', '#FFF') # store cell colors
    # -----
    for loop in range(rows*cols): # loop over board cells
        row, col = loop // cols, loop % cols # get cell coords by Euclidian division
        color = colors[(row+col) % 2] # set color for new cell (cycle on 2 colors)
        Brick(win, bg=color, height=height, width=width) # create new cell
    # -----
    # Alternative version using two nested loops on rows and cols
    # for row in range(rows): # loop over board rows
    #     for col in range(cols): # loop over board cols
    #         color = colors[(row+col) % 2] # set color for cell (cycle on 2 colors)
    #         Brick(win, bg=color, height=height, width=width) # create new cell
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def colorboard(width:int=400, height:int=400, cols:int=8, rows:int=8) -> None:
    """create six color checkerboard"""
    win = Win(title='COLORBOARD', fold=cols, op=2) # set 2-pixel outer padding
    width, height = width // cols, height // rows # set size for a single cell
    colors = ('#F00', '#0F0', '#00F', '#0FF', '#F0F', '#FF0') # store cell colors
    # -----
    for loop in range(rows*cols): # loop over board cells
        row, col = loop // cols, loop % cols # get cell coords by Euclidian division

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        color = colors[(row+col) % 6] # set color for new cell (cycle on 6 colors)
        Brick(win, bg=color, height=height, width=width, border=3) # create new cell
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def boxes(width:int=400, height:int=400, cols:int=13, rows:int=13) -> None:
    """create concentric black and white boxes"""
    win = Win(title='GRID', fold=cols) # set fold property to number of cols
    width, height = width // cols, height // rows # set size for a single cell
    colors = ('#000', '#FFF') # store cell colors
    # -----
    for loop in range(rows*cols): # loop over the cells
        row, col = loop // cols, loop % cols # get cell coords by Euclidian division
        # for each cell, compute its distance to the topmost row, bottommost row,
        # leftmost col and rightmost col, then keep the smallest of the 4 distances
        distance = min(row, rows-row-1, col, cols-col-1)
        color = colors[distance % 2] # set color for new cell (cycle on 2 colors)
        Brick(win, bg=color, height=height, width=width) # create new cell
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def colorboxes(width:int=400, height:int=400, rows:int=13, cols:int=13) -> None:
    """create concentric color boxes"""
    win = Win(title='GRID', fold=cols) # set fold property to number of cols
    width, height = width // cols, height // rows # set size for a single cell
    colors = ('#F00', '#0F0', '#00F', '#0FF', '#F0F', '#FF0') # store cell colors
    # -----
    for loop in range(rows*cols): # loop over board cells
        row, col = loop // cols, loop % cols # get cell coords by Euclidian division
        # for each cell, compute its distance to the topmost row, bottommost row,
        # leftmost col and rightmost col, then keep the smallest of the 4 distances
        distance = min(row, rows-row-1, col, cols-col-1)
        color = colors[distance % 6] # set color for new cell (cycle on 6 colors)
        Brick(win, bg=color, height=height, width=width) # create new cell
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def ballboard(width:int=600, height:int=600, cols:int=12, rows:int=12) -> None:
    """create board containing one random color ball for each cell"""
    win = Win(title='BALLBOARD', fold=cols, bg='#000') # set win background as b.....
    width, height = width // cols, height // rows # set size for a single cell
    images = tuple(Image(f"Z{c}.gif") for c in 'RGBCMY') # store images for cells
    # -----
    for loop in range(rows*cols): # loop over the board cells
        row, col = loop // cols, loop % cols # get cell coords by Euclidian division
        image = images[randrange(6)] # set random image for new cell
        Brick(win, image=image, height=height, width=width) # create new cell
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# =====
if __name__ == "__main__":
    stripes()
    stripes(800, 600, 200) # do not use default values
    colorstripes()
    chessboard()
    colorboard()
    boxes()
    colorboxes()
    ballboard()
# =====

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C1B_grid.py

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# =====
"""GRID : create some grids with several color patterns"""
# =====
__author__ = "Christophe Schlick modified by Philippe Blasi"
__version__ = "2.0" # use multi-state widgets
__date__ = "2022-11-12"
# =====
from ezTK import *
from random import randrange
# -----
def stripes(width:int=400, height:int=400, rows:int=40) -> None:
    """alternate black and white horizontal stripes"""
    win = Win(title='STRIPES') # create main window
    height = height // rows # set height for a single stripe
    colors = ('#000', '#FFF') # store stripe colors in a tuple
    # -----
    for row in range(rows): # loop over the stripes
        state = row % 2 # set state for new stripe (cycle on 2 states)
        Brick(win, bg=colors, state=state, width=width, height=height)
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def colorstripes(width:int=400, height:int=400, rows:int=40) -> None:
    """alternate color stripes using six colors"""
    win = Win(title='COLORSTRIPES') # create main window
    height = height // rows # set height for a single stripe
    colors = ('#F00', '#0F0', '#00F', '#0FF', '#F0F', '#FF0') # store stripe colors
    # -----
    for row in range(rows): # loop over the stripes
        state = row % 6 # set state for new stripe (cycle on 6 states)
        Brick(win, bg=colors, state=state, width=width, height=height)
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def chessboard(width:int=400, height:int=400, cols:int=8, rows:int=8) -> None:
    """create black and white chessboard"""
    win = Win(title='CHESSBOARD', fold=cols) # set fold property to number of cols
    width, height = width // cols, height // rows # set size for a single cell
    colors = ('#000', '#FFF') # store cell colors
    # -----
    for loop in range(rows*cols): # loop over the board cells
        row, col = loop // cols, loop % cols # get cell coords by Euclidian division
        state = (row+col) % 2 # set state for new cell (cycle on 2 states)
        Brick(win, bg=colors, state=state, height=height, width=width)
    # -----
    # Alternative version using nested loops on rows and cols
    for row in range(rows): # loop over board rows
        for col in range(cols): # loop over board cols
            state = (row+col) % 2 # set state for new cell (cycle on 2 states)
            Brick(win, bg=colors, state=state, height=height, width=width)
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def colorboard(width:int=400, height:int=400, cols:int=8, rows:int=8) -> None:
    """create six color checkerboard"""
    win = Win(title='COLORBOARD', fold=cols, op=2) # set 2-pixel outer padding
    width, height = width // cols, height // rows # set size for a single cell
    colors = ('#F00', '#0F0', '#00F', '#0FF', '#F0F', '#FF0') # store cell colors
    # -----
    for loop in range(rows*cols): # loop over the board cells
        row, col = loop // cols, loop % cols # get cell coords by Euclidian division
        state = (row+col) % 6 # set state for new cell (cycle on 6 states)
        Brick(win, bg=colors, state=state, height=height, width=width, border=3)

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# -----
win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def boxes(width:int=400, height:int=400, cols:int=13, rows:int=13) -> None:
    """create concentric black and white boxes"""
    win = Win(title='BOXES', fold=cols) # set fold property to number of cols
    width, height = width // cols, height // rows # set size for a single cell
    colors = ('#000', '#FFF') # store cell colors
    # -----
    for loop in range(rows*cols): # loop over the board cells
        row, col = loop // cols, loop % cols # get cell coords by Euclidian division
        # for each cell, compute its distance to the topmost row, bottommost row,
        # leftmost col and rightmost col, then keep the smallest of the 4 distances
        distance = min(row, rows-row-1, col, cols-col-1)
        state = distance % 2 # set state for new cell (cycle on 2 states)
        Brick(win, bg=colors, state=state, height=height, width=width)
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def colorboxes(width:int=400, height:int=400, rows:int=13, cols:int=13) -> None:
    """create concentric color boxes"""
    win = Win(title='COLORBOXES', fold=cols) # fold is controlled by number of c.....
    width, height = width // cols, height // rows # set size for a single cell
    colors = ('#F00', '#0F0', '#00F', '#0FF', '#F0F', '#FF0') # store cell colors
    # -----
    for loop in range(rows*cols): # loop over the board cells
        row, col = loop // cols, loop % cols # get cell coords by Euclidian division
        # for each cell, compute its distance to the topmost row, bottommost row,
        # leftmost col and rightmost col, then keep the smallest of the 4 distances
        distance = min(row, rows-row-1, col, cols-col-1)
        state = distance % 6 # set state for new cell (cycle on 6 states)
        Brick(win, bg=colors, state=state, height=height, width=width)
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def ballboard(width:int=600, height:int=600, cols:int=12, rows:int=12) -> None:
    """create board containing one random color ball for each cell"""
    win = Win(title='BALLBOARD', fold=cols, bg='#000') # set win background as b.....
    width, height = width // cols, height // rows # set size for a single cell
    images = tuple(Image(f"Z{c}.gif") for c in 'RGBCMY') # store images for cells
    # -----
    for loop in range(rows*cols): # loop over the board cells
        row, col = loop // cols, loop % cols # get cell coords by Euclidian division
        state = randrange(6) # set random state for new cell
        Brick(win, image=images, state=state, height=height, width=width)
    # -----
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
# =====
if __name__ == "__main__":
    stripes()
    stripes(800, 600, 200) # do not use default values
    colorstripes()
    chessboard()
    colorboard()
    boxes()
    colorboxes()
    ballboard()
# =====

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C2A_counter.py

```

"""COUNTER : a user-controlled digital counter"""
# =====
__author__ = "Christophe Schlick modified by Philippe Blasi"
__version__ = "1.0"
__date__ = "2022-11-12"
# =====
from ezTK import *
# -----
def main():
    """create the main window and pack the widgets"""
    global win; font1, font2 = 'Courier 16 bold', 'Arial 96 bold'
    win = Win(title='COUNTER', font=font1, op=5) # create main window
    # -----
    frame = Frame(win) # create frame for the 7 buttons
    Button(frame, text='|<', width=5, command=lambda: on_but(0))
    Button(frame, text='<<', width=5, command=lambda: on_but(1))
    Button(frame, text='<', width=5, command=lambda: on_but(2))
    Button(frame, text='0', width=5, command=lambda: on_but(3))
    Button(frame, text='>', width=5, command=lambda: on_but(4))
    Button(frame, text='>>', width=5, command=lambda: on_but(5))
    Button(frame, text='>|', width=5, command=lambda: on_but(6))
    Label(win, text=0, font=font2, border=2) # create counter widget
    # -----
    win.counter = win[1] # friendly name for the counter widget
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
    # -----
def on_but(index:int) -> None:
    """generic callback function for all seven buttons"""
    value = win.counter['text'] # get current counter value
    if index == 0: value = -1000 # action for button: |<
    elif index == 1: value -= 10 # action for button: <<
    elif index == 2: value -= 1 # action for button: <
    elif index == 3: value = 0 # action for button: 0
    elif index == 4: value += 1 # action for button: >
    elif index == 5: value += 10 # action for button: >>
    elif index == 6: value = 1000 # action for button: >|
    win.counter['text'] = min(1000, max(-1000, value)) # clamp counter value
    # =====
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
# =====

```

C2B_counter.py

```

# =====
"""COUNTER : a user-controlled digital counter"""
# =====
__author__ = "Christophe Schlick modified by Philippe Blasi"
__version__ = "1.0"
__date__ = "2022-11-12"
# =====
from ezTK import *
# -----
def main():
    """create the main window and pack the widgets"""
    global win; font1, font2 = 'Courier 16 bold', 'Arial 96 bold'
    win = Win(title='COUNTER', font=font1, op=5) # create main window
    # -----
    frame = Frame(win, font=font1) # create a frame for the 7 buttons widgets
    text = '|< << < 0 > >> >|'.split() # create a list for the 7 button strings
    for n in range(7): # loop to create the 7 control buttons
        Button(frame, text=text[n], width=5, command=lambda n=n: on_but(n))
    Label(win, text=0, font=font2, border=2) # create counter widget
    # -----

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win.counter = win[1] # friendly name for the counter widget
win.loop() # start interaction loop
# -----
def on_but(index:int) -> None:
    """generic callback function for all seven buttons"""
    slow, fast, minval, maxval = 1, 10, -1000, 1000 # set counter parameters
    value = win.counter['text'] # get current counter value
    # create a tuple containing all 7 new counter values, one for each button
    values = (minval, value-fast, value-slow, 0, value+slow, value+fast, maxval)
    value = values[index] # select counter value using the provided button index
    win.counter['text'] = min(maxval, max(minval, value)) # clamp counter value
    # =====
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
# =====

```

C3_chrono.py

```

# =====
"""CHRONO : a user-controlled digital stopwatch"""
# =====
__author__ = "Christophe Schlick modified by Philippe Blasi"
__version__ = "1.0"
__date__ = "2022-11-12"
# =====
from ezTK import *
# -----
def main():
    """create the main window and pack the widgets"""
    global win
    win = Win(title='CHRONO', op=5) # create main window
    font1, font2 = 'Arial 16', 'Times 120 bold' # define fonts for widgets
    # -----
    frame = Frame(win, grow=False, font=font1) # create frame for buttons
    Button(frame, text=('START', 'STOP'), width=9, command=on_start) # multi state
    Button(frame, text='RESET', width=9, command=on_reset) # single state
    # -----
    colors = ('#F00', '#0F0', '#00F', '#0FF', '#F0F', '#FF0') # store colors for chrono
    Label(win, font=font2, width=5, fg=colors, border=2) # create chrono widget
    # -----
    win.start, win.chrono = frame[0], win[1] # friendly names for widgets
    on_reset() # invoke callback for button 'RESET'
    win.loop() # start interaction loop
    # -----
def on_reset() -> None:
    """callback function for the 'RESET' button"""
    win.chrono['text'] = win.chrono.state = 0 # reset value and state for chrono
    # -----
def on_start() -> None:
    """callback function for the 'START/STOP' button"""
    win.start.state = 1-win.start.state # switch button state (state <--> 1-state)
    if win.start.state == 1: tick() # call 'tick' function when button state is 1
    # -----
def tick() -> None:
    """increment counter and make recursive function call after 10ms"""
    win.chrono['text'] += 1 # increment counter value
    win.chrono.state = win.chrono['text']//50 # change chrono state every 50 steps
    if win.start.state == 1: win.after(10, tick) # call next tick after 10ms
    # =====
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
# =====

```